Friday, April 7, 2017 Maple hall (4F), Hotel The Plaza

Preparing for the Unitary Patent and the Unified Patent Court Benefits and Essential Information

Click here for RSVP

08:30 - 09:00 Registration

09:00 - 09:10 Welcome Remarks

09:10 - 09:20 Opening Remarks

09:20 - 10:05 Overview of the Unitary Patent

10:05 - 10:20 Q&A

10:20 - 10:50 Coffee Break

10:50 - 11:35 The Creation and Functioning of the Unified Patent Court

11:35 - 11:50 Q&A

11:50 - 12:00 Closing Remarks

- Korean patent attorneys participating in the seminar can receive 2 hours of educational credit from the Korean Patent Attorneys Association (KPAA).
- Simultaneous interpretation is provided throughout the seminar.
- For enquiries, please contact Ms. Hyunjung Hwang (hyunjung.hwang@ecck.eu or 02-6261- 2705).

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Speaker's Profile



Margot Fröhlinger

Principal Director for Unitary Patent, European and International Legal Affairs



Ms. Margot Fröhlinger is the Principal Director for Unitary Patent, European and International Legal Affairs at the European Patent Office. She deals with issues such as the development of patent law at European and international levels, patent law harmonisation, the strengthening and improvement of the PCT system as well as with the implementation of the Unitary Patent and the EPO's relation with the UPC Preparatory Committee.

Ms. Fröhlinger graduated from Saarbrücken University with a law degree in 1976. Her post-graduate qualifications consist of the German professional law qualification (1979) and a doctorate in law from Trier University (1981).

Unitary Patent benefits in a nutshell

- One-stop-shop at the EPO: great reduction of complexity and associated costs
- Simple, straight forward and free of charge procedure: registering a Unitary Patent at the EPO will be simple, and the procedure will be straightforward and free of charge
- Broader and uniform territorial protection: broad and uniform protection for up to 26 participating Member States
- Business-friendly renewal fee pattern: a Unitary Patent will on average be significantly less expensive than a classical European patent validated and maintained in four countries when comparing fees and all associated costs
- No post-grant translations are required for the purpose of obtaining a Unitary Patent
- Centralised enforcement through the new Unified Patent Court (UPC) thereby reducing costs and complexity resulting from (the risk of) multiple litigation in different jurisdictions